





We're so glad you are here, so YOU can BE Ready!





BE Ready Flow Part 1-Birthing

Part 1-Birthing
Part 2- Baby
Part 3- Breastfeeding
Part 4- Blues





OUR FIRST GOAL

Provide basic birthing,
postpartum, breastfeeding,
emotional wellness and
newborn information.

OUR SECOND GOAL

To provide supplemental resources and education.

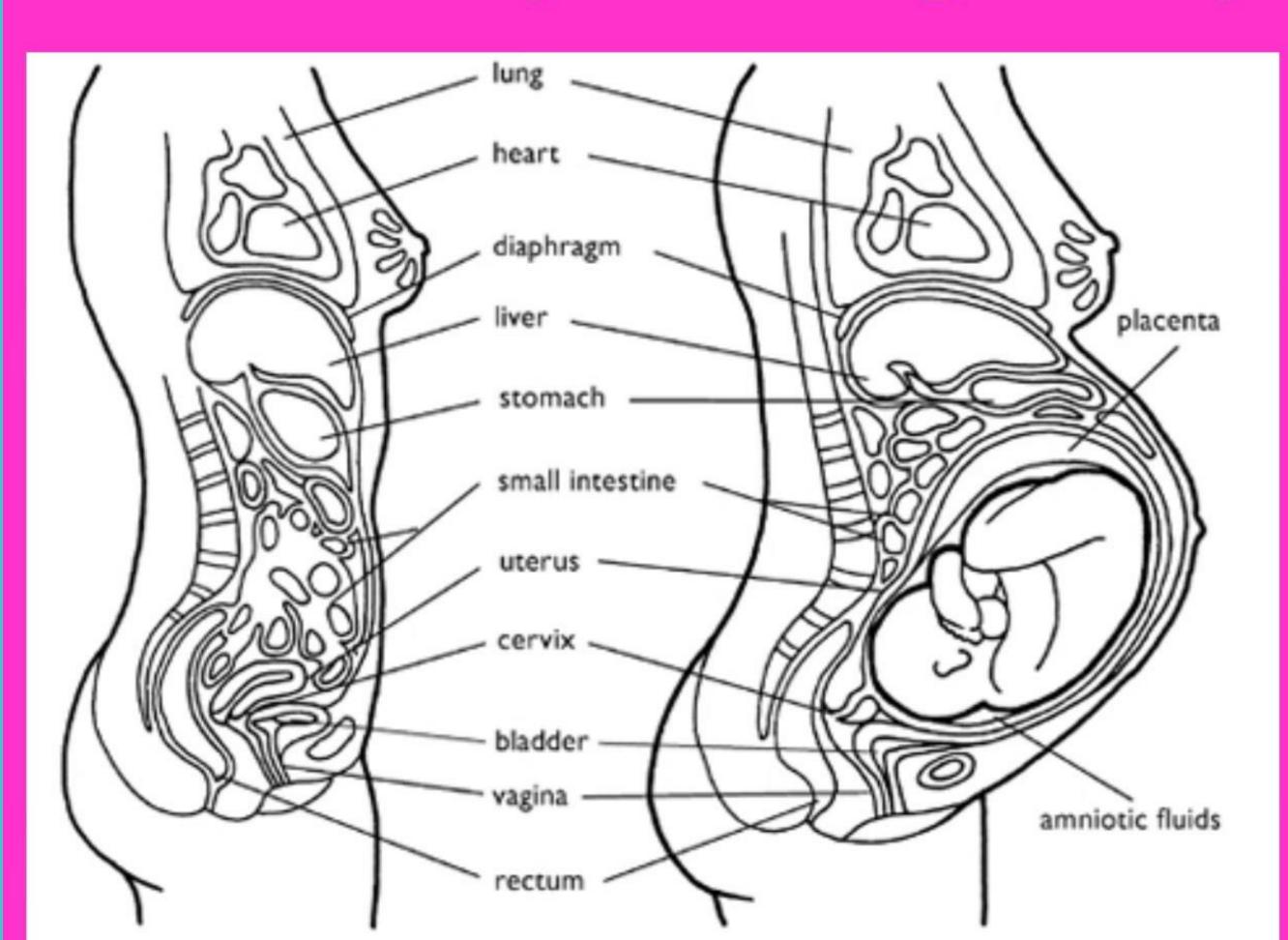
OUR THIRD GOAL

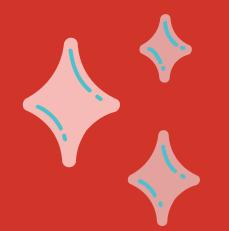
To encourage you to have conversations with your OB or Newborn provider about topics presented as needed.



Anatomy of Pregnancy







Part 1: Birthing Knowledge



LABOR & BIRTHING

- · Labor: Preterm vs. Term
- · Contractions
- · Stages of Labor
- · Birthing Videos

LABOR VARIATIONS

- Inductions (BP, DM, etc.)
- · Oxytocin/Magnesium
- · Vacuum/Forceps/C-Section

LABOR PAIN MANAGEMENT OPTIONS

- · Non-pharmacologic
- · Pharmacologic

Signs of Labor Video



Counting Contractions



Stages of Labor Video





Birthing Interventions & Management

PITOCIN
(INDUCTION/
AUGMENTATION)

MAGNESIUM (PREECLAMPSIA)

Insulin (Diabetes)





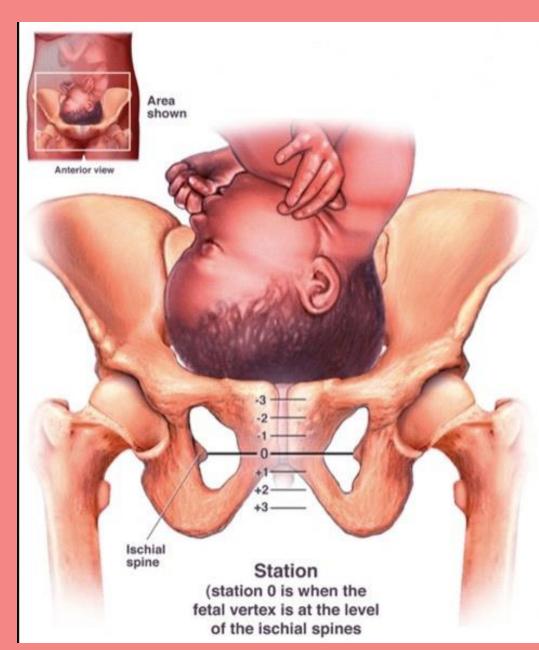
Birthing Instrument







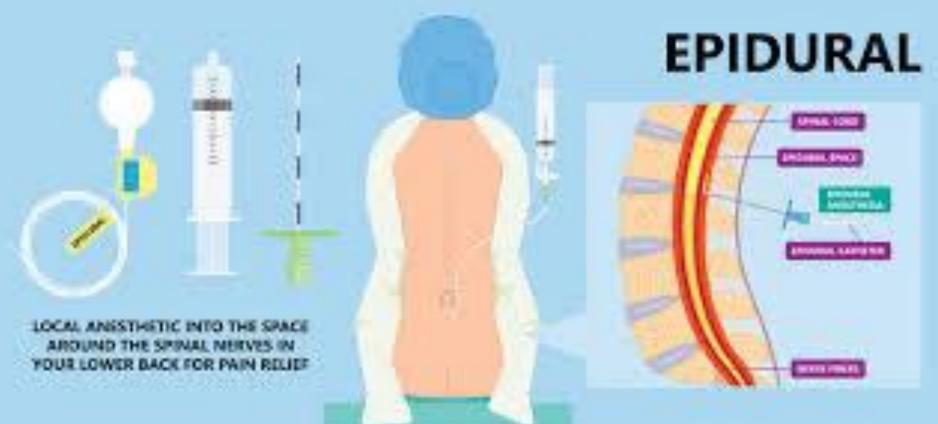




Labor Management







Labor Pain Relief Options

Medical

- •Epidural
- Spinal Block
- Narcotics
- Nitrous Oxide

Non-Medical

- ·Self-help
- Water therapy
- Massage therapy
- Distraction techniques

Natural Birth Video



C-Birth Video





Labor Positions Video







Birthing Takeaways





Your body was designed to birth. Everyone one's birth journey is their own, so trust yours!



THE SECOND POINT

Knowledge can help you feel more prepared for the unpredictability of birth.

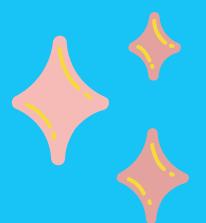
Ask questions!



THE THIRD POINT

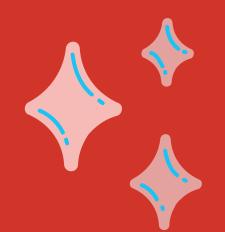
Birthing should not be done alone. Having a support person (or doula) can improve the outcomes.











Part 2: Baby Knowledge



HOSPITAL STAY

- · Meds & Vaccines
- · Newborn Screening
- · Hearing Test
- Heart Screening (CCHD)

SAFE PRACTICES

- · Car Seats
- · Safe Sleep
- SIDS/SUID
- · Baby-Proofing House

MEDICAL CARE

- · Well Child Exams
- · Immunization Schedule
- · Warning Signs



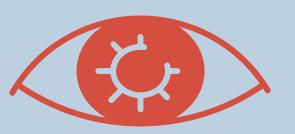
Hospital Stay















Safe Practices









Medical Care



Well-Child Checkups and Immunizations/Vaccinations

	Birth	1 Month	2 Months	4 Months	6 Months	00 12 Months	15 Months	18 Months	19-23 Months	2-3 Years	4-6 Years
Immunizations		Well- Child Checkup		Well- Child Checkup	Well- Child Checkup						
Hepatitis B	Нер В	He	В			He	рВ				
Rotavirus			RV	RV	RV						
Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis		-	D Tap	D Тар	D Тар		DT	Гар			D Тар
Haemophilus Influenzae Type B			Hib	Hib	Hib	Н	ib				
Pneumococcal			PVC	PVC	PVC	PV	/C1				
Polio			IPV	IPV		IP	V				IPV
Influenza							Infl	uenza (Yea	rly)²		
Measles, Mumps, Rubella						M	/IR				MMR
Varicella						Vari	cella				Varicella
Hepatitis A							HepA, 2	2 doses1			

Shaded boxes indicate the vaccine can be given during shown age range.

Newborn Testing





Well Child Check Video







Baby Takeaways





After your baby is born your care team will do several assessments to make sure your baby is healthy before leaving the care facility.



THE SECOND POINT

Your baby will be totally dependent on you to remain healthy and safe. Find a baby care team and make sure to keep all well child visits.

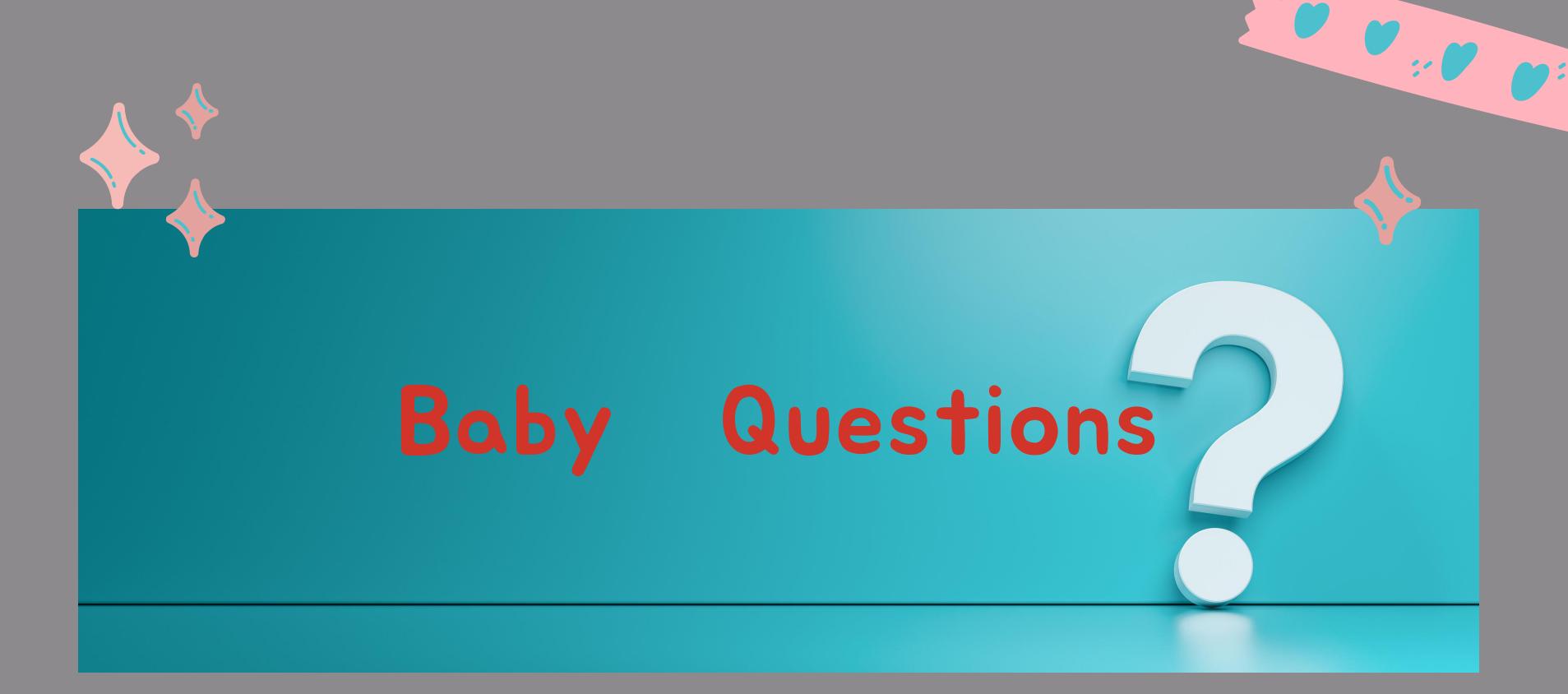


THE THIRD POINT

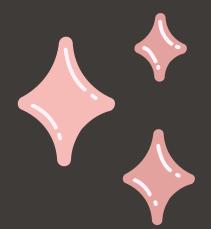
Babies do NOT come with manuals, so ask questions.

Be willing to adjust to accommodate your baby's needs.





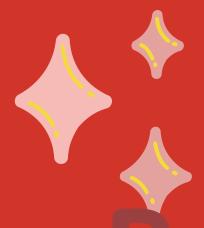












Part 3: Breastfeeding Knowledge

PROCESS

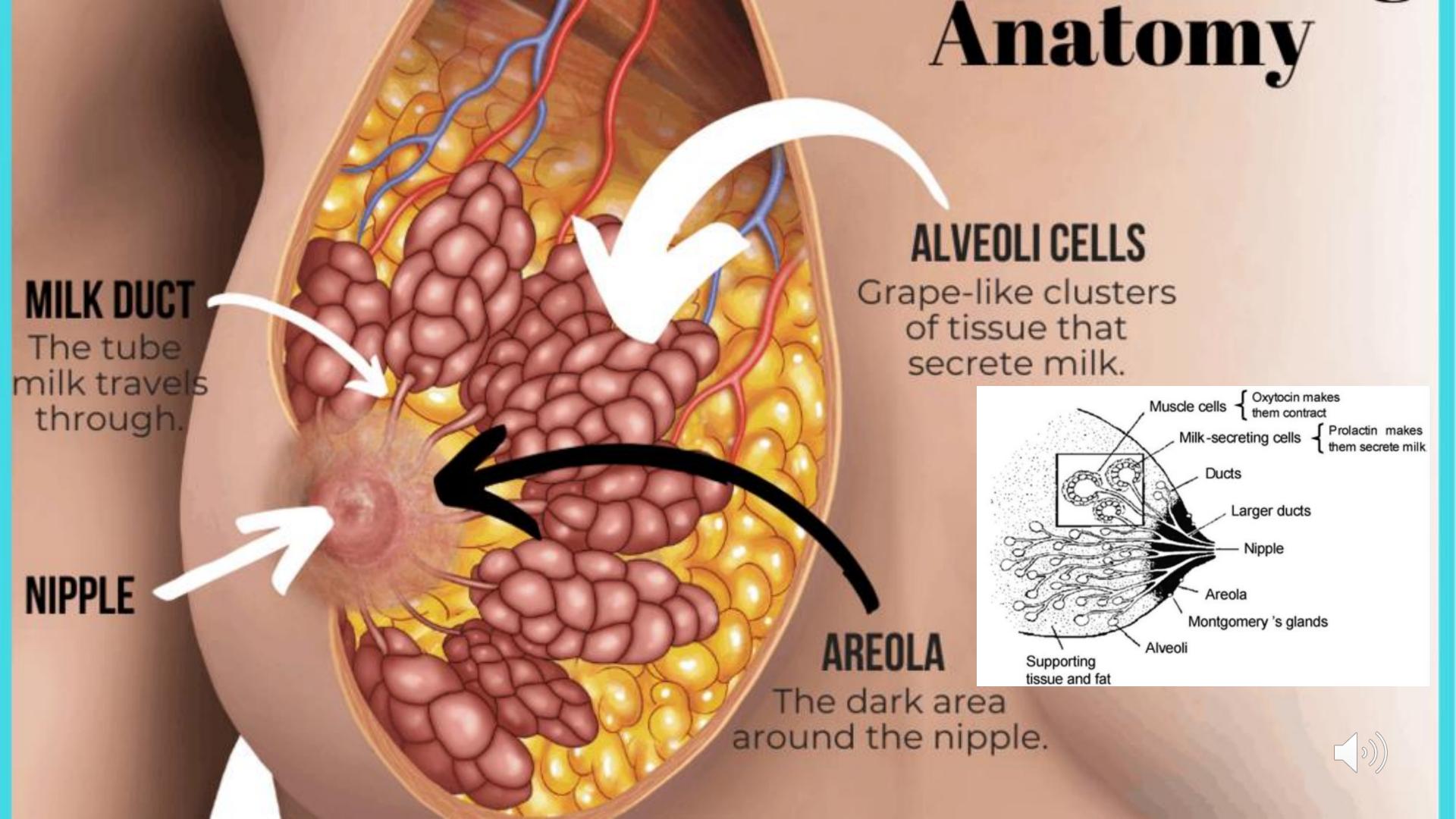
- · Breast Structure
- · Milk Production
- · Positioning & Latch

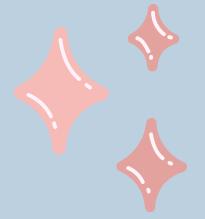
CHALLENGES

- Engorgement
- · Plugged Ducts
- Mastitis
- · Milk Supply

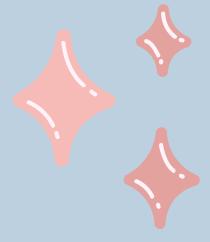
STORAGE

- · Usage Timeline
- · Pumped Milk

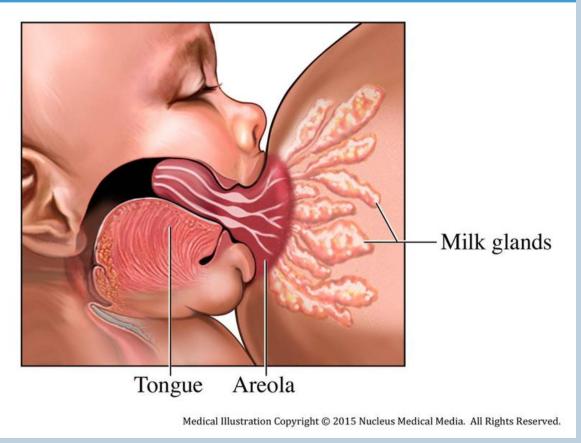


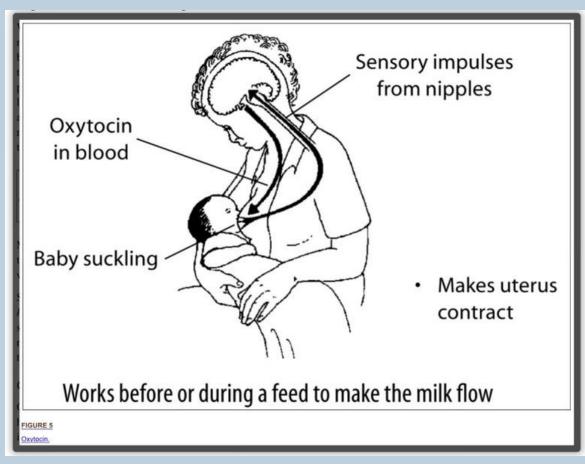


Process



BREASTFEEDING BASICS How to Get a Proper Latch

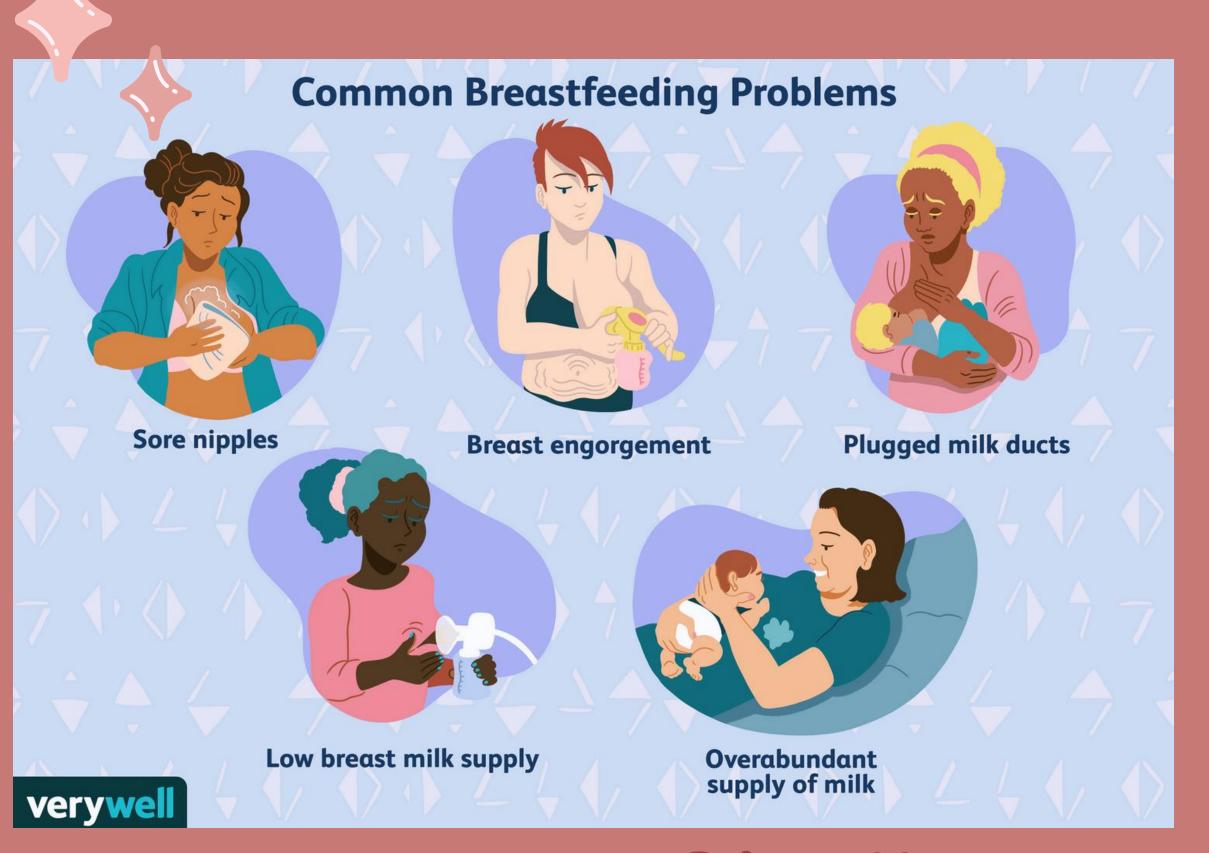


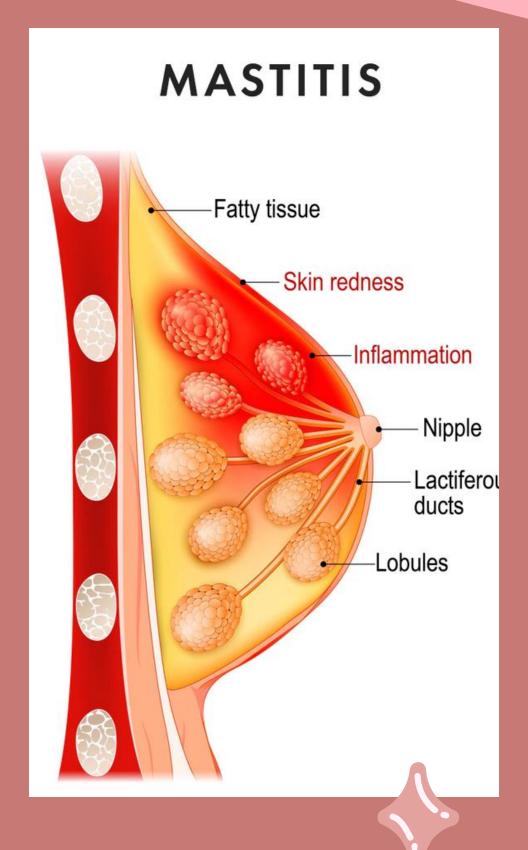
















Pumping & Storage







Use the right breast pump



Make sure breast flanges fit



Make yourself comfortable





Use the pump correctly



Prepare a snack & a drink



Apply warm, moist heat to breasts

HOW TO STORE BREAST MILK



Store milk in 2 or 4 oz. increments for easy thawing.



REAST MILK iously frozen)

24 hours

Never refreeze

thawed milk

Never refreeze

thawed milk



Storage bags can
be **stacked**, saving freezer space.

Always store milk in the back of the refrigerator or freezer where it's coldest



	FRESH EXPRESSED BREAST MILK	BREAST MILK (previously frozer		
Room	4 hours at 66-72°F	Do not store;		
temperature	(19-22°C)	throw away		

3-6 months

at 1-32°F

6-12 months at 0°F

nours at 59°F Do not store; (0-4°C) throw away

Refrigerator	5-7 days at 32-39°F (0-4°C)

Freezer of a self- contained refrigera freezer unit

E*

Deep freezer

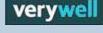
TIPS FOR WARMING OR **DEFROSTING BREAST MILK**

- From the refrigerator: Place in a bowl of warm water, or under warm running water.
- Frozen: Place in the refrigerator overnight. Use within 24 hours. Never refreeze breast milk.
- · Do not use hot water or the microwave as this can destroy some of the milk's properties.
- · Fat will rise to the top of the breast milk. Gently swirl to mix. Do not shake.
- · Use within one hour after warming. Discard any breast milk you don't use during a feeding.

For more information, visit beaumont.org/maternity



Beaumont









Breastfeeding Takeaways







THE FIRST POINT

THE SECOND POINT

Breastfeeding is natural, saves ton of money, and does NOT make with support, you can have a your baby MORE needed.

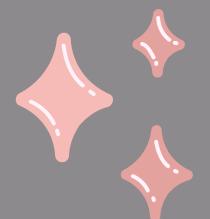
Breastfeeding is WORK, but successful breastfeeding journey!

THE THIRD POINT

Breastmilk is beneficial even if pumped or hand expressed and given in a bottle.





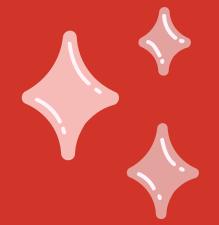












Part 4: Blues Knowledge



COMMON MOODS

- · Baby Blues
- Fatigue
- Aches & Pains

MOOD DISORDERS

- PP Depression
- · PP Anxiety
- PP Separation
- Psychosis/Delusions

PROFESSIONAL CARE

- · Keep your PP visits
- · Warning Signs
- PSI: 1-800-944 4773(4PPD) or Text
 HOME to 741741

Postpartum Visits

Questions to ask your provider to make sure you're set up for success!

@Postpartum.PUSH

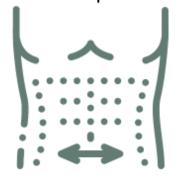
Birth Control

"What are my options for Birth control?"



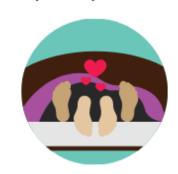
Abdominal Muscles

"Do I have abdominal muscle separation?



Sex

"What can I expect for sex postpartum?



Lactation

"I am having trouble with _____ what may help?"



Pelvic Floor

"Do you suggest pelvic floor physical therapy?"





Mood

"I have felt ____ lately, can you test me for mood disorders?"



Postpartum Care Is VITAL!!!









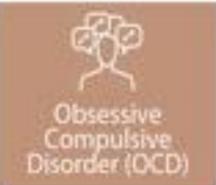
PERINATAL MOOD AND ANXIETY DISORDERS (PMADS)

Perinatal: Anytime during pregnancy through the first year postpartum





















SYMPTOMS





Feelings of guilt, shame or hopelessness



Feelings of anger, rage, or irritability, or scary and unwanted thoughts



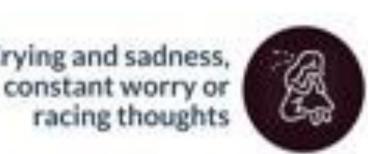
Lack of interest in the baby or difficulty bonding with baby



Loss of interest, joy or pleasure in things you used to enjoy



Disturbances of sleep and appetite



▲

Physical symptoms like dizziness, hot flashes, and nausea



Possible thoughts of harming the baby or yourself



TREATMENT **OPTIONS**

Counseling

Medication

Support from others

Exercise

Adequate sleep

Healthy diet

Bright light therapy

Yoga

Relaxation techniques









RISK FACTORS





History of depression, anxiety, OCD



Pregnancy or delivery complications, infertility, miscarriage or infant loss



Abrupt discontinuation of breastfeeding



Thyroid imbalance, diabetes, endocrine disorders



Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS)



History of Abuse



Lack of support from family and friends



Financial stress or poverty



Unwanted or unplanned pregnancy

Postpartum Support International | www.postpartum.net | 800.944.4773 (call or text)





Blues Takeaways





Postpartum or Baby Blues is common but should NOT last beyond two weeks.



THE SECOND POINT

Postpartum depression and anxiety disorder are COMMON and can be exacerbated with other existing mental health conditions, so plan ahead.



THE THIRD POINT

Postpartum Visits are CRITICAL.

Perinatal Mood Disorder is nothing to be ashamed of, so get PROFESSIONAL HELP!





Blues Questions



Supplemental Handouts

Be sure to ask you care team for the BE Ready Bootcamp Supplemental handouts if you have not received them!



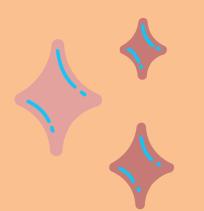












Thank You

Questions?

Call Open Cities - 651-290-9200



